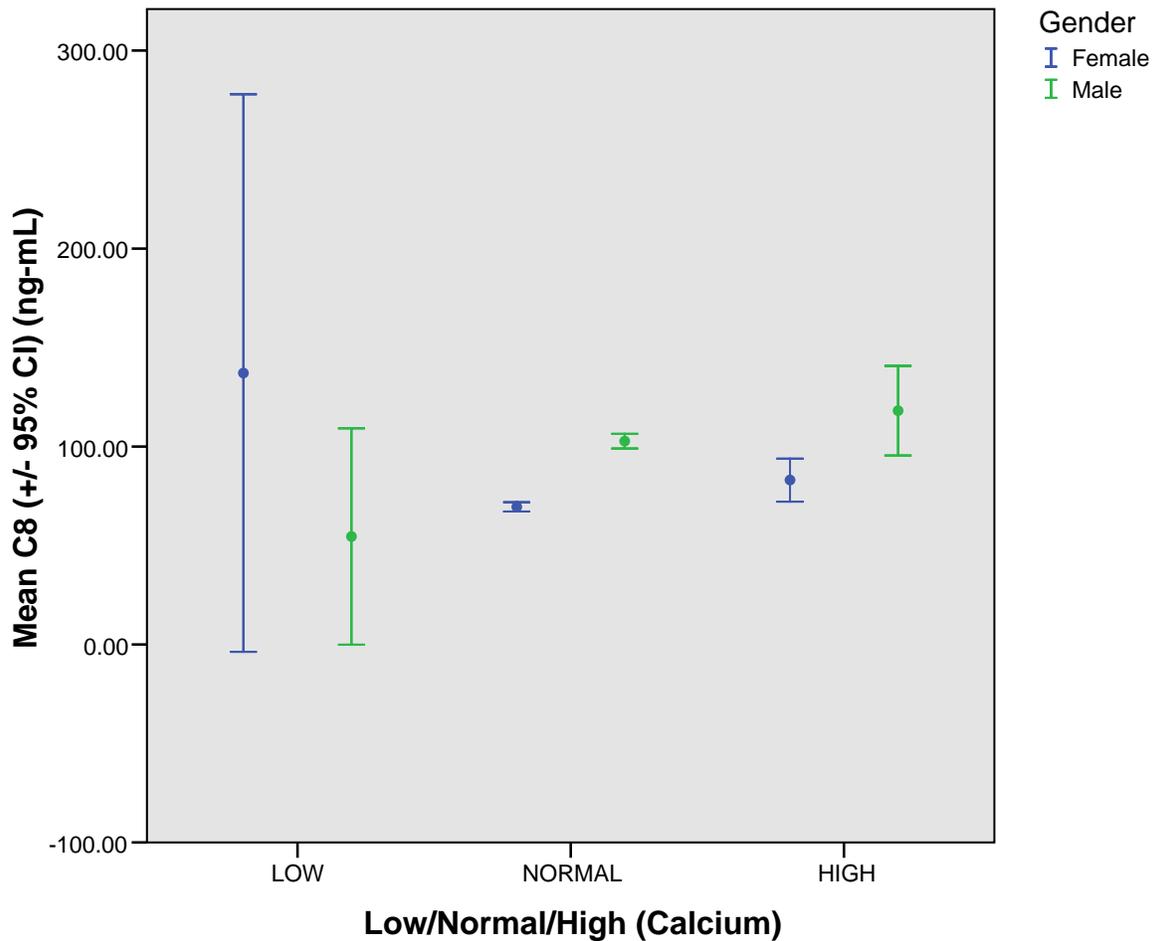


## Serum C8 By Calcium (Serum) Levels In Participants $\geq 18$ Years Of Age

C8 (ng-mL)

Calcium (Serum)	Gender	N	Mean
LOW	Female	20	137.1500
	Male	16	54.5375
	Total	36	100.4333
NORMAL	Female	28691	69.5341
	Male	26053	102.7286
	Total	54744	85.3316
HIGH	Female	670	83.0521
	Male	586	118.1319
	Total	1256	99.4189
Total	Female	29381	69.8884
	Male	26655	103.0384
	Total	56036	85.6570

## Serum C8 By Calcium (Serum) Levels In Participants $\geq 18$ Years Of Age



Low  $< 8.5$ , Normal  $8.5-10.6$ , High  $> 10.6$  (Units: mg/dL)

Source: <http://www.labcorp.com/datasets/labcorp/html/chapter/mono/pr001700.htm>

The WVU website is a communication vehicle to depict associations or their absence for public use. These tables and graphs show many comparisons between lab tests and corresponding population serum PFOA (C8) levels. When it appears that there is a clear relationship between serum C8 and a clinical laboratory value, the meaning of that relationship still requires thought and discussion. Some of the relationships, while real, are weak and not likely to be important. Several are strong, interesting and potentially important, and none of them can be taken to show an etiologic (cause and effect) relationship or its absence without more work. When it comes to causes, scientists interpret these preliminary data with deference to additional work that needs to be done.

These data concerning associations are for public use. They will receive additional collaborative work in peer review format. We hope they prompt public curiosity and suggestions of interested scientists.