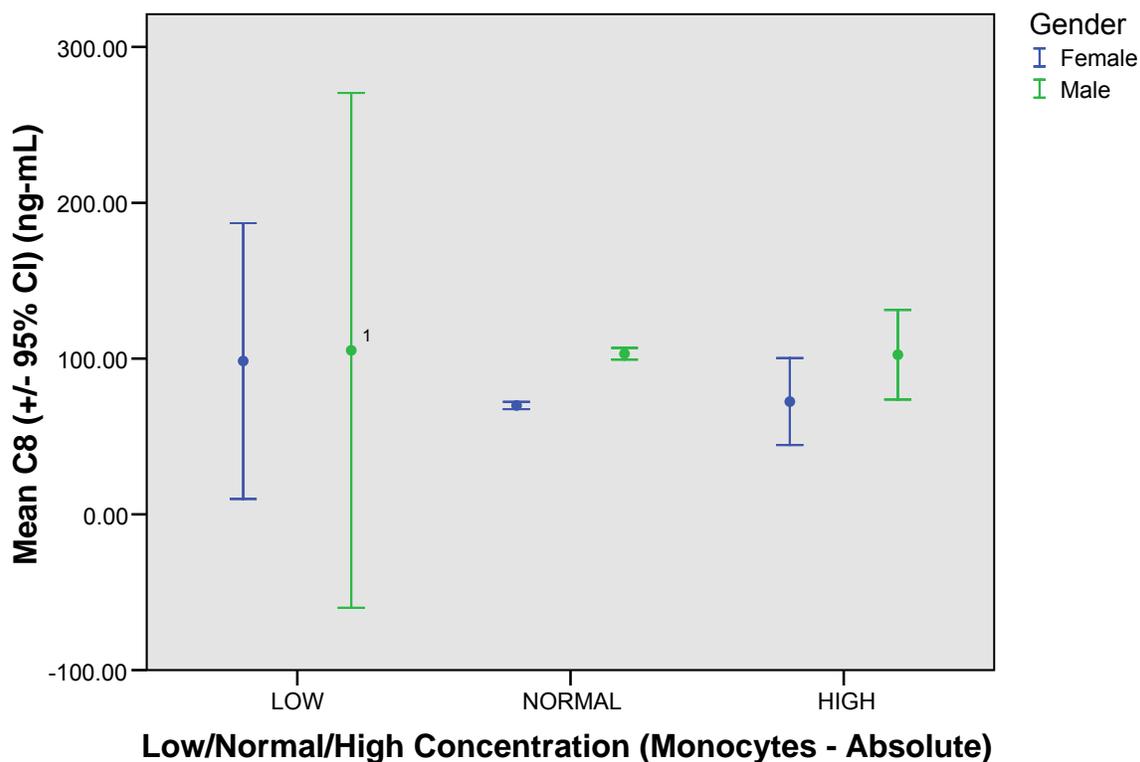


Serum C8 By Monocyte (Absolute) Levels In Participants ≥ 18 Years Of Age

C8 (ng-mL)

Monocytes (Absolute)	Gender	N	Mean
LOW	Female	25	98.3940
	Male	11	105.2182
	Total	36	100.4792
NORMAL	Female	29093	69.8460
	Male	26332	103.0670
	Total	55425	85.6290
HIGH	Female	104	72.3462
	Male	202	102.4040
	Total	306	92.1882
Total	Female	29222	69.8793
	Male	26545	103.0628
	Total	55767	85.6746

Serum C8 By Monocyte (Absolute) Levels In Participants ≥ 18 Years Of Age



Low < 0.1 , Normal $0.1-1.0$, High > 1.0 (Units: $10^3/\mu\text{L}$)

Source: Labcorp Sample Test

¹ Note, very small sample size.

The WVU website is a communication vehicle to depict associations or their absence for public use. These tables and graphs show many comparisons between lab tests and corresponding population serum PFOA (C8) levels. When it appears that there is a clear relationship between serum C8 and a clinical laboratory value, the meaning of that relationship still requires thought and discussion. Some of the relationships, while real, are weak and not likely to be important. Several are strong, interesting and potentially important, and none of them can be taken to show an etiologic (cause and effect) relationship or its absence without more work. When it comes to causes, scientists interpret these preliminary data with deference to additional work that needs to be done.

These data concerning associations are for public use. They will receive additional collaborative work in peer review format. We hope they prompt public curiosity and suggestions of interested scientists.