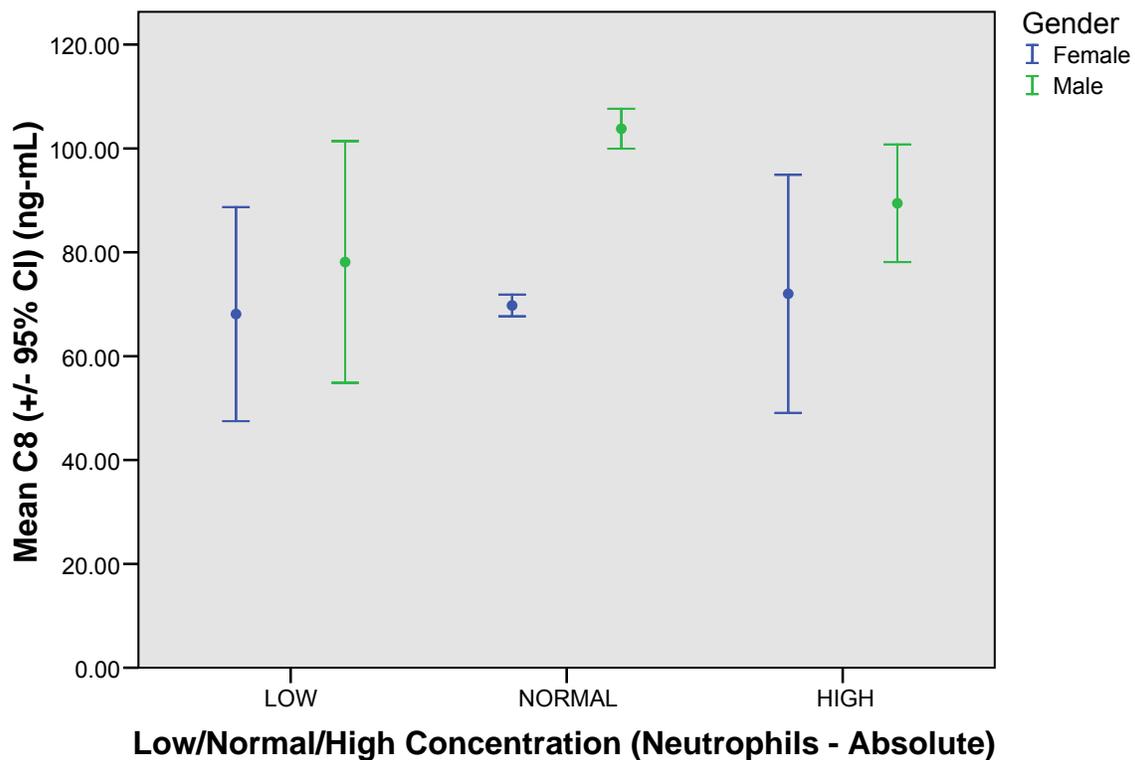


Serum C8 By Neutrophil (Absolute) Levels In Participants ≥ 18 Years Of Age

C8 (ng-mL)

Neutrophils (Absolute)	Gender	N	Mean
LOW	Female	187	68.1016
	Male	138	78.1341
	Total	325	72.3615
NORMAL	Female	27457	69.7699
	Male	25283	103.8045
	Total	52740	86.0857
HIGH	Female	1578	71.9939
	Male	1124	89.4391
	Total	2702	79.2509
Total	Female	29222	69.8793
	Male	26545	103.0628
	Total	55767	85.6746

Serum C8 By Neutrophil (Absolute) Levels In Participants ≥ 18 Years Of Age



Low < 1.8 , Normal 1.8-7.8, High > 7.8 (Units: $10^3/\mu\text{L}$)

Source: Labcorp Sample Test

The WVU website is a communication vehicle to depict associations or their absence for public use. These tables and graphs show many comparisons between lab tests and corresponding population serum PFOA (C8) levels. When it appears that there is a clear relationship between serum C8 and a clinical laboratory value, the meaning of that relationship still requires thought and discussion. Some of the relationships, while real, are weak and not likely to be important. Several are strong, interesting and potentially important, and none of them can be taken to show an etiologic (cause and effect) relationship or its absence without more work. When it comes to causes, scientists interpret these preliminary data with deference to additional work that needs to be done.

These data concerning associations are for public use. They will receive additional collaborative work in peer review format. We hope they prompt public curiosity and suggestions of interested scientists.